



The X-ray KID Team:

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Kinetic Inductance Detectors for X-ray Astrophysics

Ben Mazin, April 2013





Microwave Kinetic Inductance Detectors

MKID Equivalent Circuit

Typical Single Photon Event

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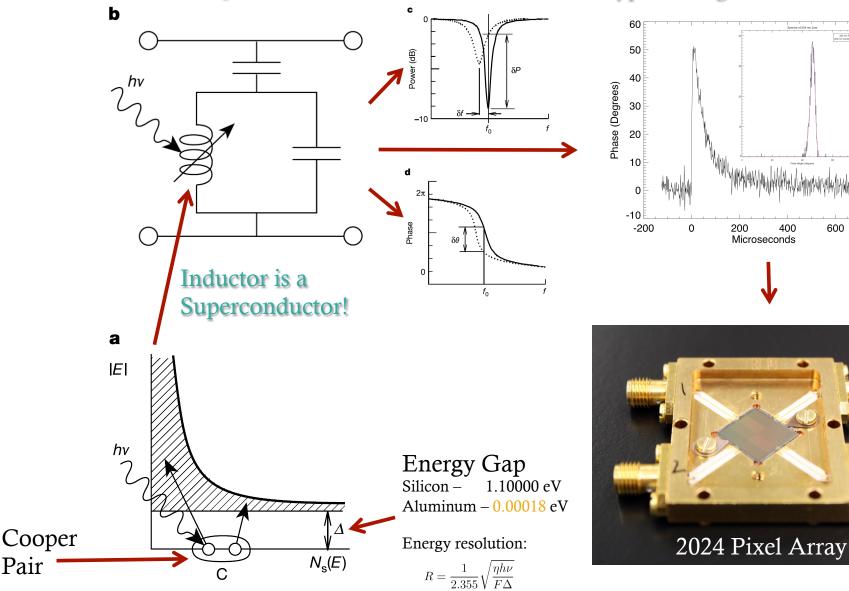
Microseconds

400

600

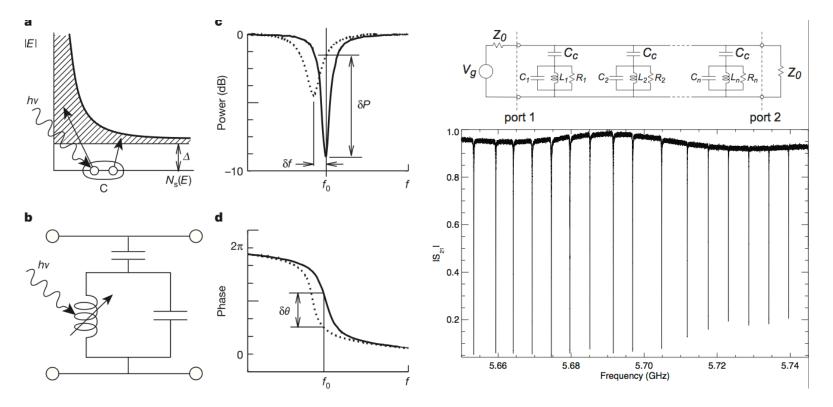
800

200





Frequency Domain Multiplexing



- Each resonator (pixel) has a unique resonant frequency in the GHz range
- A comb of sine waves is generated and sent through the device
- Thousands of resonators can be read out on a single microwave transmission line (FDM)



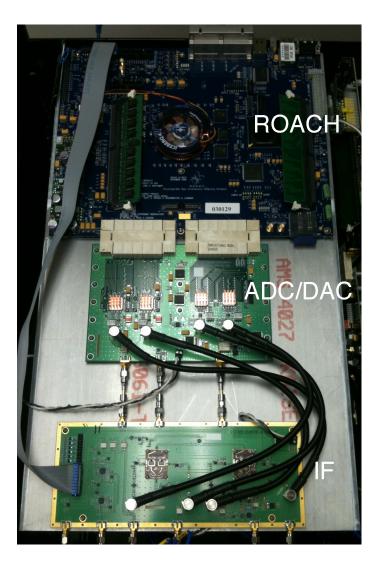
- Array Camera for Optical to Near-IR Spectrophotometery (ARCONS)
- First Light: July 28, 2011, Palomar 200" Coudé
- Now 24 observing nights (Palomar+Lick)
- Lens coupled 2024 (44x46) pixel array in cryogen-free ADR
- 0.5" pixels yields 22"x23" FOV
- 400 nm to 1100 nm simultaneous bandwidth with maximum count rate of ~2000 cts/pixel/sec
- 350-1350 nm soon
- Energy resolution R~10 at 400 nm





- Dual 1 GSPS 16-bit DACs
- Dual 550 MSPS 12-bit ADCs
- ROACH with Virtex 5 SX95T
- Complete readout for 256 resonators in 550 MHz of bandwidth
- 8 ROACH boards read out 2048 pix
- ~\$25/pixel (Gen2 \$3/pixel)





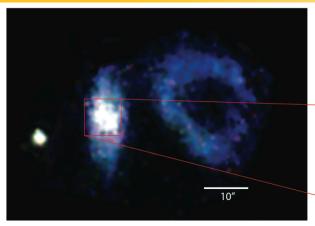


Crab Pulsar

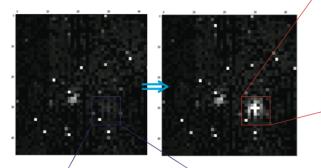


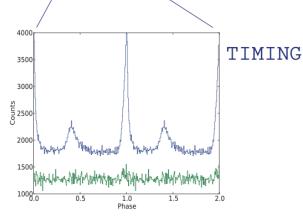


First UVOIR Science Results



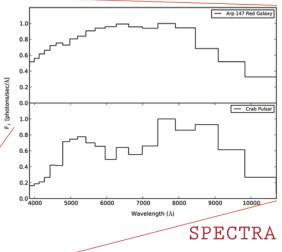
IMAGING





First Science Data

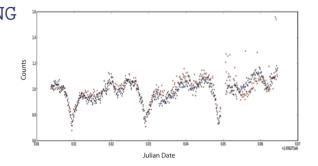
Left: ARCONS mosaic of interacting galaxy system, Arp 147. Composite of red, green, and blue images. Below: Spectrum of central Arp 147 galaxy taken from 40 seconds of data



Left: Completely unprocessed images of Crab pulsar and neighboring star.

Bottom Left : 33 millisecond optical pulse profile of Crab pulsar.

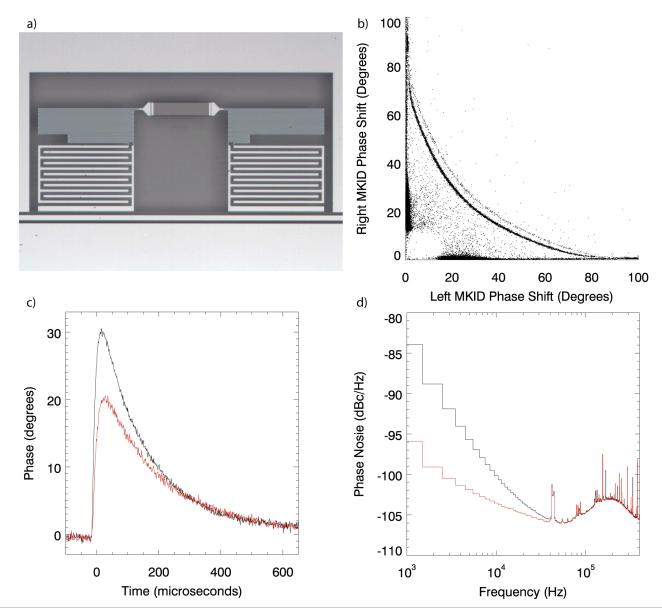
Above: Optical/near-IR spectrum of Crab pulsar Below: Optical light curve of SDSS-J0926 eclipsing cataclysmic binary system





X-ray MKIDs

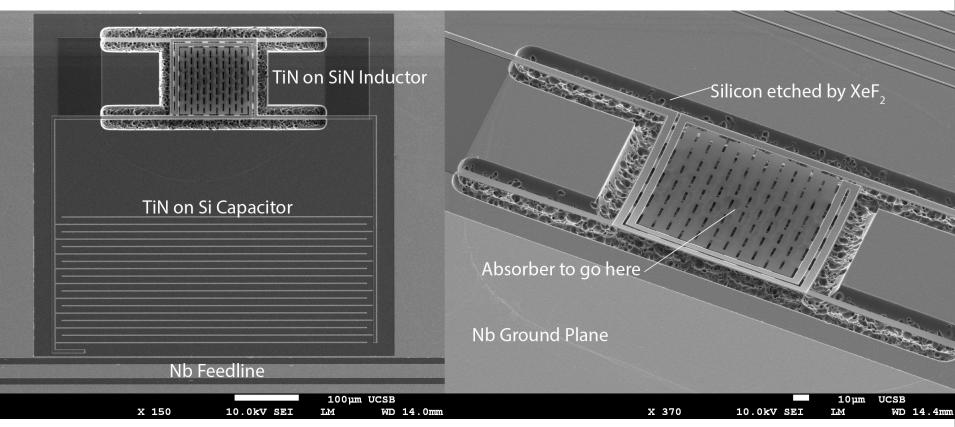
MKIDs: Equilibrium Strip Detectors.





Thermal KIDs

- We can get better energy resolution by taking a page from the TES playbook!
 - Thermal Kinetic Inductance Detectors (TKIDs)
 - KID inductor on SiN Membrane, capacitor on bulk Si
 - X-ray hits absorber on island, heats island, breaks qps, changes surface imped.
 - Eventually superconducting mushroom absorbers (W₃Si₅? TiN? TaN? PtSi?)
 - Made at UCSB!





- Pulse lifetimes up to 1.6 ms with TiN!
- Saturated, but noise and pulse shape imply <10 eV at 6 keV
- Devices with absorbers coming very soon!

